

ANTWOORDEN BREUKEN OPTELLEN



I. TEL DE BREUKEN BIJ ELKAAR OP

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} = 1 \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{17}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{4} = 1 \frac{3}{20}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{3} = 1 \frac{2}{15}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{3} = 1 \frac{1}{24}$$

$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{4}{5} = 1 \frac{3}{35}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{3}{4} = 1 \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$$

2. TEL DE BREUKEN (MET HELEN) BIJ ELKAAR OP

$$1 \frac{1}{4} + 3 \frac{1}{3} = 4 \frac{7}{12}$$

$$3 \frac{2}{3} + 1 \frac{2}{3} = 5 \frac{1}{3}$$

$$2 \frac{1}{3} + 1 \frac{2}{5} = 3 \frac{11}{15}$$

$$1 \frac{4}{5} + 2 \frac{1}{6} = 3 \frac{29}{30}$$

$$3 \frac{2}{3} + 3 \frac{5}{6} = 7 \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2 \frac{1}{7} + 1 \frac{1}{2} = 3 \frac{9}{14}$$

$$2 \frac{6}{7} + 2 \frac{1}{2} = 5 \frac{5}{14}$$

$$4 \frac{5}{8} + 3 \frac{3}{4} = 8 \frac{3}{8}$$

$$1 \frac{3}{5} + 1 \frac{3}{4} = 3 \frac{7}{20}$$

$$2 \frac{4}{7} + 2 \frac{3}{8} = 4 \frac{53}{56}$$

$$5 \frac{1}{8} + 4 \frac{2}{3} = 9 \frac{19}{24}$$

$$2 \frac{2}{3} + 1 \frac{1}{4} = 3 \frac{11}{12}$$